LEARNING TO PROVIDE EFFECTIVE FEEDBACK TO FAMILIES

QUALITY CHECKLIST

Instructions for Use:

The following checklist is designed to be used by trainees in psychology and other professions that provide evaluation results, feedback and recommendations to families of children with an autism spectrum disorder or other similar diagnosis. The checklist reviews the most important components of a good feedback session as presented in the Feedback Training Video and Instructor's Manual as well as the clinician characteristics we consider most likely to result in a successful interaction with the family during feedback.

The checklist may be used in a variety of ways. Students may use the checklist as a summary of important points to remember prior to going into a feedback session or afterward as part of the learning process. Instructors or supervisors may also use the checklist to rate the trainee's performance and gauge improvement. The checklists may be used in the clinical setting or with videotaped feedbacks and for individual learning or as part of group discussion.





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Preparing for the Recibeck Session						
Components of the Session		ા સિશ્કામાં મુક્ક		Øtemeler:		
	Absent	ដោលផ្លាក្រ	present			
 Clinician has reviewed results and planned for the session. If the child has completed a team evaluation, team members have met and worked together to organize the session. 						
Families have been told that they can invite other family members or friends to attend.						•
 Feedback session has been scheduled to allow all interested participants to attend. 				•	• •	
 Clinician has scheduled enough time to allow for questions and discussion. 				•		
5. Feedback room ensures privacy.						
Feedback room is organized with enough chairs in a manner that is conducive to discussion.						
7. Tissues are available.						
8. The clinician has all necessary forms and paperwork readily available.						
Beginning the Session						
Components of the Session	Absent	Rating Emerging	Present	Examples		
 Clinician greets family with introductions (if necessary) and a handshake (if a handshake is appropriate within the family's culture). 						
Clinician determines whether there have been any changes since the assessment.						
3. Clinician makes positive comments about the family's participation in the evaluation.						
 Clinician provides the family with an overview of what will occur during the feedback session. 						
5. Assessment process is reviewed.6. Child's strengths are noted.						





Presenting the Diagnosis					
Components of the Session		- Heling		Beinides	
	Absen	Anerghs:	Present		
Clinician describes the diagnosis in a clear, direct, and understandable manner.					
Clinician discusses the diagnosis and supporting evidence in adequate detail.					
3. Clinician provides reasons for hope and optimism.					
 Clinician explains the difference between a research outcome and an individual trajectory. 					
 Clinician explicitly explains that family behavior is not the cause of their child's ASD diagnosis. 					
6. Clinician discusses diagnoses other than ASD, if appropriate.					
7. Clinician asks the family for their reactions, questions and comments.					
8. Clinician accurately summarizes the family's statements and questions.					
Clinician answers family questions in an honest and direct manner.					
Discussion of Next Steps Components of the Session		Rating		- Examples	
	Absent		Present		
 Clinician makes key recommendations. Clinician discusses and prioritizes next steps. 					
3. Follow-up meetings and/or phone calls are scheduled.					
 Clinician discusses ongoing support (if available). 					
5. Clinician provides written information.					
6. Clinician gives information about the written report and what to expect.					
7. The session ends on a positive note.					





Characteristics of the Clinician					
Components of the Session		Reting		Demples	
	Abrem	Emergine	Bizerent		
 Clinician maintains eye contact in a way that is appropriate within a family's culture. 					
 Clinician has a good working knowledge of the results that are presented; the clinician is focused on talking with the family and does not spend too much time looking through papers. 					
3. Clinician does not interrupt family members.					
4. Clinician patiently addresses all concerns.					
Clinician serves as a mediator if family differences arise.					
Clinician demonstrates a friendly and supportive tone throughout the session.					
 Clinician respects andresponds to family's need for more or less detail about each topic that is discussed. 					
 Clinician gently and respectfully refocuses family's attention to assist in maximizing benefit from the feedback, if redirection is needed. 					
 Clinician maintains a positive and supportive attitude throughout the evaluation session. 					
Positive statements about the child and family are made whenever possible.					
 Clinician conveys an appropriate balance between being professional and being approachable. Clinician is confident but empathetic. 					
12. Clinician maintains a positive or neutral stance about family beliefs and practices.					



